Daily Appeal.

BY M'CLANAHAN & DILL.

GRENADA, MISS

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6, 1862.

their ballots for State, district and county offiots. The election is proceeding as quietly as their duties: If grim war did not exist within the boundaries of the Confederacy-indeed but little of the ral of the War Department, whose headquarters usual strife on such occasions is to be seen. Of immediate supervision, control and management course we are unable to give any results, but of the corps. will do so to-morrow as fully as our friends

THE BATTLE AT CORINTH. We are without any further particulars of the battle at Corinth than those published in our vost marshals to arrest all deserters, whether

from Kentucky, brings the most gratifying in- FOURTH.—To enable special provost martelligence as to the true condition of affairs in shals to discharge their duties efficiently, they that State. Being intimately acquainted with are authorized to call any available military the eriginal purposes of the mevement into that to employ the assistance of citizens, constables, Couriers arrived by State, he expresses the utmost confidence that sheriffs, or police officers, so far as may be have been driven to their lines of defense in front of Louisville, Covington and Newport, and the balance of the State filled with stores of the State filled they have been accomplished. The Federals necessary under such regulations as may be balance of the State, filled with stores of every | Fifth -Necessary expenses incurred in this mate is that an abundance of needed supplies approval by the provest marshal general. our deficiencies for a longer period than there is murshals will be —— dollars per month, and the enemy. About three o'clock Hebert's divi-

In all intercourse between his efficials and established the most strict regulations, and he will be subject to be revoked at the pleasure of the 4th brigade, arrived within twenty steps, has given notice that any outrage upon private the Secretary of War. verity. The good conduct of the troops has other officers to act as provost marshals, except gallantly leading his command. On Friday won the confidence of the people, who have so those who have received special commission long been plundered by the vandals driven out, most cerdial character. The latter are hailed as The evident intent and purpose of this order deliverers. All supplies needed are paid for by is to establish, under military authority, such a the officials, and thus the people are rewarded, system of oppression as will put an end to all for, instead of being plundered of, the fruits of free discussion on the war question or the policy the 2d have been received. The news is unimtheir industry. Those having supplies to dis- of the LINCOLN government. The dictum of who find no difficulty whatever in using Con- preme law of the land, and the provost marfederate treasury notes, while all intercourse with shals, scattered throughout the States, backed more speculators, upon any terms, is shunned. and assisted by the military, are the instruments This fact indicates the political bias of the mass- to put these Washington decrees in force. They es, and their confidence in the success of our are required to perform "all such duties as may

the delay in making an attack upon Louisville, suppressed, and a tyrannical despotism firmly will yet be compelled to admit. The people of established.

extent of reinforcements, by voluntary recruits proclaim general emancipation of the negro from the resident population, our army have re- slaves of the South, on the pretence that he may ceived. Our friends elsewhere may, however, do anything that he thinks necessary to suprest assured that numerous new regiments, well press the rebellion, why may he not, under the armed and equipped without expense to the same power, proclaim the general enslavement Contederate government, were speedily offered, of the white people of the South, on the same and have already been enrolled. Our forces pretence? And why may he not abolish the sent to Kentucky, with the aid of her sons who Federal Congress and imprison the members! have railied to our standard, are now abundantly And why may he not disperse the Supreme able to hold the State, and she will be with the Court and hang the judges? And why may be

delphia Inquirer gives currency to the following

ruletude of the armies on the upper Potomac have a Congress of their own, to regulate n all matters of postage and revenue service found it. They, in addition to a separate Congress, to regulate their peculiar institutions, and

garded as a craven of the most despicable chartion of constitutional guarantees. acter. Our inference is that, coming from Washington, as this dispatch does, it was an thoritatively sent forth for a purpose—that the Federals themselves, having become thoroughly tired of the war, and fully convinced of their inshility to subjugate the South, threw it out as a feeler of the Southern pulse. If so, it is useloss to speculate. The terms, if accepted by them, would be disgraceful to a people whose arms have been victorious in almost every field.

After having voted by a majority of tens of the query-"who struck Billy Patterson ?" thousands to cast her lot with the Corfed- McCellan's Report.-We give to-day Mc-

If the statement is a "feeler," as we believe, diplomacy less likely to be realized than any from the battle field. other that has ever fallen under our notice.

extrempting to enter the dining room of Mr. N. thus: G. Williams, aroused the lady, who, upon investigation, discovered a burly negro endeaving to accrete himself in the yard. Upon being

PROGRESS OF DESPOTISH IN THE NORTH.

Free government and republican liberty may be said to be forever at an end in the North. It has been superseded by a military despotism. The late proclamation of LINCOLN and the proceedings of the War Department under it have in effect, been proclaimed throughout the do- received. inions of the usurper, and a formidable network of oppression has been thrown upon the people, from which they will forever find it im ossible to extricate themselves. The following is the order we allude to:

Washington, September 26, 1862 —The War department has issued the following order re specting special provost marshals, and defining

FIRST,-There shall be provest marshal gene will be at Washington, and who will have the

SECOND.-There will be appointed in each State one or more special provost marshals, as ecessity may require, who will report to and narshal general of the War Department. THIRD.-It will be the duty of the special pro

grira of yesterday-the dispatch from Mobile. regulars, volunteers or militia, and send them published in our telegraphic column, being all to the nearest military commander or military published in our telegraphic column, being all post, where they can be cared for and sent to Van Dorn and Price have driven the enemy their respective regiments; to arrest, upon the ent advised, but little speculation can be in- warrant of the judge advocate, all disloyal perdulged in, although appearances, at the latest sons subject to arrest under the orders of the moment, indicated that a glorious victory for our War Department; to inquire into and report treasonable practices; seize stolen or embezzled property of the government; detect spies of the FAVORABLE REPORTS FROM MEN- enemy, and perform such other duties as may be enjoined upon them by the War Department, and | tion A gentleman belonging to the army, direct report all their proceedings promptly to the pro-

description, with produce, cattle, hogs, etc., is almost entirely within our control. The estialmost entirely within our control. The estiand nature of the service, after examination and deployed a portion of his command to charge

actual traveling expenses and postage will be re- sion was ordered to charge their works, which funded on bills certified under outh and approved | was done in the most gallant style. The Yankees by the provost marshal general. stood firm until Colonel J. D. Martin, of saidiery, with the citizens, General Bragg has Seventh.-All appointments in this service

Eighth.-All orders heretofore issued by the property will be punished with the nimost se- War Department, conferring authority upon

from the War Department, are hereby revoked. half inside the Federal intrenchments. By order of the Secretary of War. L. I HOMAS, Adjutant-General.

onse of, trade freely with the government agents, the powers at Washington is thus made the su-The movements of General Brago are uni- Under such a sweeping clause, it is easy to perversally admitted on all hands to have been of ceive that the liberties of the people will be the most masterly character, and of the effect speedily swallowed up. Civil government in all set forth in our article of a few days since. Our the States will be superseded by the military surmises were correct as all who have consured power, free discussion and freedom of speech

Kentucky, who are most deeply interested, are That we do not overestimate the dangerous new satisfied, as their State has been rescued extremity to which things are tending in the without loss, and the magnificent army sent for North, is evidenced by the fact that they are Louisians excess of war tax paid into the treatheir deliverance is more efficient in point of beginning to excite the serious alarm of the numbers, supplies and material than when it calmer thinking class of the country. The Chicago Times very pertinently asks that "if organization of staff department. It would not be well, perhaps, to mention the the President may, under the military power, not obliterate State lines all over the country? Indeed, where is the limit of the President's

The Washington corresponder tof the Phila- power, on that pretence? It strikes us that the country had better stop a little short of the leap Senate resolution extending the session. down the precipice." We are the more inclined to dwell upon the usurpations and tyranical practices at the North, resresents that about eight hundred of his men were taken prisoners at the battle of Sharpsburg. thanks of the way from the in order that we of the South may be forearmed were taken prisoners at the battle of Sharpsburg. has been referred to this office for reply. Confederate Congress to propose terms of peace, against them. The necessities of those who hold the helm of State we know are great, but Tennessee, Kentucky and Maryland, and make | we believe there is patriotism enough in the peothem free or slave States as may best please | ple to draw them to their support without resort them. The cotton States to be permitted to to dangerous and unconstitutional means. To tions against other countries. To be an unity skillful mariner does not throw overboard the tucky, and he subsequently died.

the same as heretofore: they pledging them. most valuable part of his cargo until shipwreck selves to return all government property as they is otherwise inevitable. If we pass unscathed paper started at Winchester, Tenn. It is the through one of the severest ordeals to which a first journal republished in Middle Tennessee directs that you appeal for support and protections, tyrannical, insulting conduct must result. nation has ever been subjected, we may justly since the Federals left. Long may it be permitin our Congress in such numbers as their free feel proud of the solidity of our liberties. The ted to wave. glory which the South will have won in so fear-Of course there is no foundation for this ca- ful a struggle, waged against such desperate mard, and it has been manufactured from whole olds, will be doubly enhanced if, when she taken prisoner in the recent Maryland battles, cloth. No such terms of peace have ever en- emerges from the contest triumphant and indetered the minds of the people or politicians of pendent, she can, as she takes her place at the the South to be entertained a moment, and if council board of nations, point not merely to the any one would seriously make such proposi- well-won trophies of the battle field, but to the Butler's staff, recently arrived from New Orleans, tachment which could not be enforced; that the Davis had been taught to answer. The tesch- achieved by General McClellan at the battle ef tions as these for the consideration of our au- maintenance, under such difficult circumtherities, he would be, as he justly deserved, restances, of well ordered liberty and the preserva-

> Onr latest Nerthern reports state as a facthat Sigel has resigned. We give elsewhere his emplaints, and in this connection give the folowing from the New York Express: "A cor-Generals Halleck and Sigel, occasioned by statements of the former that there are serious charges against the personal courage of the latter."

A DIFFICULTY IN HIGH PLACES .- Our ex-We have a right, in the eyes of the world tracts from the telegraph columns of the Northwhich has witnessed our hundred victories, to em papers mention a difficulty, resulting in a dictate the terms of separation ourselves, and knock down, as having occurred between Gov. they certainly never will approximate the pro- Morton, of Ind., and Gan. Boyle, of Kv. The reports are conflicting, both as to the cause of Of the States named to be given over to Fed- the affray and the result. The question as to evalism unreservedly. Tennessee is named, who struck first is second only in importance to

McCellan's Report.—We give to-day Mcseries, her people are prepared to submit to
unter subjugation after exhausting their last
combatting resource, rather than to cowardly

McCellan's Report.—We give to-day McCiellan's report of losses of both armies in the
trace of the dark
combatting resource, rather than to cowardly

McCellan's Report.—We give to-day McCiellan's report of losses of both armies in the
trace of the dark
complete the mintary works that have been
who are now utterly insolvent.

New York, September 30.—A Washington
opinion that this argument of Mr. Owen had
and rainy night, appropriated a small boat, and a potent influence in producing the preclamaopinion that this argument of Mr. Owen had and rainy night, appropriated a small boat, and a potent influence in producing the preclamaunter subjugation after exhausting their last recent Maryland fights. His own may be, as and rainy night, appropriated a small boat, and a potent influence in producing the proclamscombatting resource, rather than to cowardly could have been the case, correctly stated, but passed successfully over to the enemy. his exageration of the Confederate loss is manifest to every one who has read the statements of it is an imaginative paragraph of literature and our own commander, and Southern accounts Dispatch of the 29th, says that among the ex-

Au abolition paper hails the appearance LOOK OUT .- A noise occasioned by some one of the President's emancipation proclamation,

"John Brown's bones are mouldering in the ground, But his soul goes marching on, Givry, glory hallelujah?"

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The Fight at Corinth. MOBILE. October 6 .- Passengers by this

THE BATTLE AT CORINTH

[From the following dispatches, received this norning, it will be seen that a very severe battle has been fought at or near Corinth. General Van Dorn is understood to have been in command. Few casualties are reported, but among them, we have to lament the death of a gallant officer, Colonal John D. Martin, of Memphis. We shall probably have fuller particulars for our paper to-morrow :]

HOLLY SPRINGS, October 5 .- Our forces have had a bloody fight at Corinth. Generals Our forces camped within three quarters of s

mile of Corinth on the night of the 3d. The enemy were huddled together about town, some on the extreme left, trying to hold a posi-

Up to five P. M. all was glorious. Our men behaved with great gallantry. Great thanks are due to Generals Lovell's and Price's troops. The remains of Colonel John D. Martin have Couriers arrived here to-day say that the

attack commenced at eight o'clock Friday About two o'clock the enemy had fallen back the works. A most terrific fire was poured into

when they fled in confusion Col. Martin was killed in this charge, while

General Lovell is reported as driving everything before him. No estimate of the losses on

Northern Intelligence.

at Louisville.

An important naval movement is on foot at Hilton Head, probably directed toward Savannah and Mobile, under Commander Dupont. Brigsdier-General Rodman, who was wounded at Sharpsburg, is dead.

Gold was quoted in New York on the 2d at

Congressional Proceedings. RICHMOND, October 4th .- In the Senate the House bill relative to soldiers bounties passed.

Also House bill amendatory of the act for the

House bill authorizing men between 35 and 45, subject to enrollment to volunteer, discussed at great length. It was finally laid upon the Tyranny at the North-The Military vs.

A resolution was adopted postponing adjourn

ment until the 13th inst. In the House the bill passed, providing for the enrollment of persons subject to military duty without the limits of the States of their residence. Also Senate bill to provide for the

The report of the conference committee on military exemption bill was agreed to. Also

Conn's Legion .- An officer in Cobb's legion A communication has been received from

Tyro, Marshall county, without a responsible signature. This, of course, precludes its publitheir own domestic affairs only. In all other such straits at least, we are not yet reduced, and I Northern dispatches say that a son of things to be again as one and inseper- have a reasonable hope we may not be. And, Geo. D. Prentice was among the Confederate belongs. The Secretary instructs me to say

able people for defensive and offensive opera- as well remarked by the Richmond Whig, "the wounded in a late skirmish at Augusta, Ken-The Daily Bulletin is the title of a new

> General Howell Cobb was not wounded nor but is unhurt and ready for the enemy again.

It was stated in Washington by one of

The Mobile Register says the report of the General Slaughter, who had arrived from General Bragg's army. He left Chattanooga several weeks ago with a party of officers to overtake advance, and it is probable the whole party cerning the issue of the emancipation procla- were cut off by "bushwhackers" who infested were cut off by "bushwhackers" who infested

Republican learns that two negro pilots, also wrote a letter on the subject some time thoroughly acquainted with the river and coast of since, which was published. The letter read be-

changed prisoners who have arrived in that city was Lieutenant M. Newman, adjutant of the 49th Georgia. He stated that it was rumored in the prison that great excitement had been caused by the President's emancipation proclamation, and it was further said that several Federal offi- indersed the nomination of Horatic Seymour for From THE ARMY. Singular to say, since cers had been sent to the old capital prison for governor. The standard-bearer of the Empire treasonable remarks about not intending to fight for the "nigger." The night before our exclasses except the "infernal" abolitionists.

The standard-bearer of the Empire specting our army in the Valley. During yesterday and Saturday there was an absence of even rumors, which of late have been so abundance of the Empire specting our army in the Valley. During yesterday and Saturday there was an absence of even rumors, which of late have been so abundance of the Empire specting our army in the Valley.

LETTER FROM RICHMOND. spondence of the Dally Appeal.]

RICHMOND, September 27, 1862. I was just a little too fast in mentioning that the matter of exemptions was in any way emmorning's train report that General Price's com- braced in the conscription bill which passed both | bill, which was passed without discussion or de mand attacked the Pederals on the 3d, near Cor- Houses of Congress yesterday. This matter is lay given the finishing touch to the job, under the inth, driving them from every position. Loss disposed of by a separate bill, which, having relea of "military necessity." Martial law has, heavy on both sides. No particulars have been conved the sanction of the Senate, was to-day before the House and occupied the whole time of that body, without further progress hav-

> The House might in ten minutes settle this by tary service; or such parts thereof, as in his The House might in the minutes settle this by judgment may be necessary to the public despite of the monstrous lying of the Confederate fense; such call or calls to be made under the press, there is a mong the masses a truthful im strength and endurance, such for example as a provisions and according to the terms of the act pression as to the results of the battle of Antietree, a plant or an animal, as the national em- to which this is an amendment, and such au- tam, and consequently a general depression blem and handing the subject over to the en_ therity shall exist in the President during the among the citizens. graver and die-sinker to work it into an appropriate device. But everybody has his own pet and, when once enrolled, all persons between soldiers in Richmond, and that, between that chosen, in order thus to secure his own serve their full time: immeriality. A very good device has troops into the service of the Confederate States, been suggested in a simple black horse rampant. | shall first call for only a part of the persons Mr. Holcombe of Virginia, offers a very beauti- within the ages hereinbefore stated, he shall call ful thing in the way of a rock in mid-ocean, for those between the age of thirty-five and any most happy motto from Horace, adversis verum stood as repealing or modifying any part of the are check stamps for checks, drafts, or orders on to it. What member of Congress will dare meet his outraged constituency after voting to put a this is an amendment, shall be first and imme-Latin motio on the government seal? There is diately ordered to fill to the maximum number, only one point with regard to the seal upon the companies, battalions, squadrons and regiwhich the House is agreed—and this is that the the act to provide for the public defence, apthe Greek temple and the weeping "woman in surplus, if any, shall be assigned to organiza the course he has found it necessary to pursue: preposterous and impossible.

mae, for the general commanding would hardly unless the troops were around him.

effect that General Bragg had taken Nashville

sguare, waiting for some "good Samaritan" to vacancies, was reported by the clerk. care for them. This office was at last performed of Richmond some unfortunate soldier who has the passage of the following lost an arm or a leg in the brave battles of the last summer. These mutilated men should constitute our nobility when the war is over.

and there are about four hundred competitors. by the following vote: The standard will be high, and these young YEAS-Messrs. Baldwin, Barksdale, Batson, Also, House bill authorising the President to gentlemen are cramming night and day with Bocock, Boteler, Breckinridge, Chambers, Chil mport, duty free, machinery to be used in the trigonometry and other hard branches of science, Dawkins, DeJarnett, Dupre, Elliott, Foster, manufacture of clothing and shoes for the army. fearing far more to face the examining board Freeman, Gardenhier, Garland, Garnett, Gentry, Also, Senate bill to provide for refunding to than they did to meet the Yankees at Bethel, Goode, Graham, Gray, Hartridge, Heiskell, Hil-

Suffolk. They seem disposed to keep their dis- Moore, Munnerlynn, Pagh, Ralls, Read, Roys-

Generals Johnston and Magruder still remain | cox, Wright, of Texas-54.

Lincoln and his soldiery are triumphant-that is, over their own Constitutions, laws and poo-Welch, Wright, of Georgia—29. ple. A case in point has just occurred, which Mr. Nathaniel Batchelder, having been arrested to provide for the sick and wounded of the army in hospitals." The question was ordered, and for alledged disloyal practices, a writ of habeas the bill was engrossed, read a third time and organization of military courts to attend the corpus was issued by Judge Bell, chief justice of passed. New Hampshire, on the return of which the fol. | The Senate bill to exempt certain persons from lowing was read:

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S OFFICE, } Hon. Jacob H. Ela; U. S. Marshal, Rochester, N. H.: SIR-Your telegram to the Secretary of War, nder date of the 10th instant, relative to the writ of habeas corpus issued in the case of Nathaniel Batchelder, arrested for disloyal practices, The Secretary of War directs me to inform you that, by an order issued under the authority of the President of the United States, a printed copy of which is inclosed, the writ of habeas rpus has been suspended in all cases of arrest "disloyal practices," to which class of offenses that of Nathaniel Batchelder manifestly that, to the writ of habeas corpus issued by Chief Justice Pell (Bell) you should return these facts as your warrant for holding the prisoner in enstody. Should any attempt be made, after the as well as North: thority, which is not anticipated, the Secretary

Very respectfully, your ob't serv't, The New Hampshire Patriot reports the de-

that he had "organized three new regiments of government of the United States had plainly exing may have been wrong, and the custom of Autietam. It is a little singular that this proc-Louisianians - one of them white and two pressed its determination to resist by force any society that compelled Davis to mete out such lamation already written was ready for publicaattempt of the civil authority to deliver the pris- a punishment may have been wrong, but before from at the very time when the President in his oner, and that he received this not as a threat, condemning him let us remember the power of jocose manner replied that he was not inclined but as the announcement of a settled resolution, the teaching and the custom. Jeff C. Davis to issue a proclamation which would have no Northern journals that Hon. John Forsyth, one they had the ability to execute against any pow- arrogance. The success of Pope in his first comet of the editors of our Mobile cotemporary, was er which the State can command for the enforce- Missouri campaign was much of it owing to captured, has been confirmed by Brigadier- ment of the law. He therefore declined to take Davis, but we did not hear much of Davis in ted to the want of promptitude in the quarterfurther action in the case."

The argument in favor of the immediate issue | be treated as gentlemen.

Indianian.

The anti-Main-lawites in New York have

RICHMOND, September 26 .- Senate -- Mr.

sparrow, of Louisians, from the committee sp pointed to confer with the House committee of the adoption of a bill to provide for the extension of the conscript age, reported the following

The Congress of the Confederate States America do enact, That the President be and h is hereby authorized to call out and place in the ing been made than the 21st line of the prin- military service of the Confederate States, for ted copy. It is clear that if Congress adjourns three years, unless the war shall have been on Tuesday, there will be no time left for any sooner ended, all white men who are residents thing else than to regulate the list of exempts. of the Confederate States, between the ages thirty-five and forty-five years, at the time the There is the absurd squabble over the Seal call or calls may be made, and who are not, at is already seriously interrupted. which must be laid over until the next session. such time or times, legally exempted from milipresent war, as to all persons who now are, or may hereafter become eighteen years of age; Provided, That if the President, in calling out

other age less than forty-five years; provided, seating back the opposing billows, with this that nothing herein contained shall be underimmersabilis undis. But the Latin will be fatal act to which this is amendatory, except as herein sight, and proprietary stamps for patent mediexpressly stated; and provided, further, those cines, cosmetics, etc. Other stamps will be called out under this act, and the act to which ready in a few days, of which notice will be A rumor is going the circuit of the city to the public defense, approved 16th of April, 1862. Mr. Henry, of Tennessee, from the committee

A large number of wounded men arrived here appoint one major, ten first and ten second lieu- service are comparatively useless to him; sevto-day, the victims of Sharpsburg. Some ar- of War to appoint twenty additional sergeants. are neglected or refused, on account of which rived in town first about dawn, and found no The bill providing that when vacancies occur his troops are discouraged and comparatively preparations for their reception. Such of the in the army, and the officer elected, or next in inefficient,-many have not been paid for six poor fellows as could crawl about were seen after the line of promotion, shall be declared incom- months; eighth, because he cannot expect fair petent, the President, by and with the consent treatment, and because his treops, for whom he

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. by Willoughby Newton, Esq., of the Virginia Mr. Miles, of South Carolina, from the com-Legislature, and Governor Letcher, who sent mittee of conference on the disagreeing votes of

[See Senate proceedings.] Mr. Miles said the commit of a measure for the filling up of the army, by There is a very decided trepidation among a it was found impossible to have incorporated the large class of young soldiers now in town on stantially the Senate bill, and this was substantially the Senate bill, with some slight the subject of the coming examination of can- amendments. Mr. Miles then explained the fidates for commissions in the ordnance de- provisions of the bill reported, and concluded partment. Seventy officers are to be appointed, with a motion that it be agreed to by the House. The question was ordered, and the bill passed

ton, Holcomb, Holt, Johnson, Kenan, of Geor-We hear nothing further from the enemy at der, Lyon, Machen, McRae, Menees, Miles, ton, Russell, Sexton, Swan, Tibbs, Vest, Wil-

NAYS. Messrs. Arrington, Bell, Bonham, Boyce, Bridgers, Chambliss, Clapp, Clopton, Curry, Davidson, Davis, Farrow, Foole, Gart-Hanly, Harris, Herbert, Jones, Lyons, Marshall, McDowell, McQueen, Perkins, Pres-

On motion of Mr. Wright, of Georgia, the we find recorded in our Northern exchanges. A | House took up the Senate bill, entitled "An act

military service was taken up, the pending question being a motion of Mr. Wright, of Texas, to reconsider the vote by which the House yesterday agreed to the amendment of Mr. Miles, of South Carolina, to include persons "now exempted by the laws of the several States." After debate, in which Measrs. Wright, Moore Dargan, Bridgers, Holt and Foote participated.

the House agreed to reconsider-yeas 42, nays The main question was then ordered, and the amendment of Mr. Miles was rejected-year 31,

A Warning to Superior Officers. The following remarks from the Chicago

Jeff. C. Davis is an awful commentary upon speedily furnished, great suffering and sickness tion in the discharge of your duties to the mili- of some of our officers high in command who | General Sickles has been assigned to the comtary force of the United States in your vicinity. | wish to make their power felt by their immedia mand of the old Peninsula division formerly ate subordinates. The facts as at present re- commanded by General Hocker. J. Hour, Judge Advocate General. ported show that Davis had been previously in- It is now known that the President's emanciwhich, with the vast armies under their control. has suffered before from efficial insolence and more effect than the Pope's bull against the the dispatches of Pope. It is not surprising master and commissary departments. The Washington correspondent of so remerit has been overlooked, while shallow pates spectable a paper as the New York Commercial with not half his ability, have been promoted General Bragg, who was about 100 miles in Advertiser makes the following statement con- over him, should, during a war of nearly two

Georgia, escaped from the government steamer fore the Cabinet is said to have taken higher and the Engineer Department of the Confederate and when developed will tend immediately to restronger ground, and to have word the new confederate and when developed will tend immediately to re-Sam, Sunday night, and passed down to the Stronger ground, and to have urged the necessity government has made a requisition upon this due the premium upon coin and foreign exchange. As in the case of the stronger ground, and to have urged the necessity government has made a requisition upon this due the premium upon coin and foreign exchange, and to promote the ultimate prosperity Yankees. As in the case of the steamer Planter, at Charleston, there was no guard on this boat, adopt, as a last bid for recognition by the Eurogreat importance of this matter, and calls for was not stated. Owen has been insane enough for years to the required number of hands. "Orders," he TROUBLE IN WASHINGTON.—The Richmond have originated the brilliant idea set forth at any says, "will be forthwith issued to the military finding any signs of the enemy. It doubts the time; and if Lincoln and his Cabinet were infin. authorities of the State to levy contributions to rumors that Lee is making serious movements enced by the argument one jot, they have dem- supply this force. These who have not hereto- to re-enter Maryland. It says 20,000 troops left oustrated themselves as inbecile as the erratic - fore contributed, will now have an opportunity other body in another direction. response to this call."

is entertained but that he was severely injured.

It wently two person the but his the shift beautiful and being human down to those of the army wind balance of the army wind in the shift beautiful and being human down to those of the army wind in the shift beautiful and being human down the bea

LATE NORTHERN INTELLIGENCE.

GOSSIP FROM WASHINGTON.

cial Dispatch to the Chicago Times | Washington, September 30.—General Mc Clernand says that the reports in the papers that he has indersed any particular line of olicy, originating in any party, is unqualifiedly alse. He proposes simply to do his duty as a soldier, without reference to party.

Operations under General Sigel continue ac tive, and already have resulted in retaking several important points on the railroad to and from Alexandria and Gordonsville, and the capture of some one thousand five hundred prisoners and a large amount of stores. The rebel communication between Richmond and Lee's army Exchanged prisoners, who have lately reached

here from the rebel capital, represent that, is The same authority states that there are no

more than from three thousand to five thousand idea about the Scal which he wishes the ages of eighteen and forty-five years shall place and Aiken's landing there is but one work, which mounts but three guns. in case of future battles, our wounded will re

sive prompt and organized attention. The news from General McClellan is The only stamps ready for delivery at the office of the commissioner of internal revenue

he progress of troops, or the taking possession

To the Associated Press North.] NEW YORK, September 30 .- The Washingments, from the respective States, at the time | ton correspondent of the Tribune says: "Sigel dieramic exhibition adopted by the Senate, with proved 16th of April, 1862, was passed, and the to the President gives the following reasons for tions. white" and the charge bayonets, is altogether tions formed from each State since the passage first, because he was placed under command of a of that act, or placed in new organizations to be junior officer, without the knowledge of the officered by the State having such residue, ac- President, although the President alone has We have no war news whatever to-day. cording to the laws thereof, or disposed of as power to place a junior over a senior of the There is a statement, which I have heard upon now provided by law; provided, that the Presi same grade; second, because his command has excellent authority, that a letter was received dent is authorized to suspend the execution of gradually been reduced, first by the removal this, or the act to which this is an amendment, from it of two divisions (Cox's and Cook's), and last night from General Lee, dated "Smoketown, in any locality where he may find it impracti- then of two brigades (Platt's and Milrey's) Maryland." This would appear to indicate that cable to execute the same; and, that in such lo- third, because none of the regiments raised exour army is now on the other side of the Poto- calities, and during such suspension, the Presi- pressly for him, except one, have been assigned dent is authorized to receive troops into the to him, nor have others been given him in their Confederate services under any of the acts place; fourth, because of the grossly abusive establish his headquarters upon Maryland soil, passed by the Confederate Congress, prior to the manner in which General Halleck has treated ssage of the act to further provide for the him personally and officially; fifth, because his little command has been placed in an exceedingly exposed position, and ordered to perform on military affairs, reported back the Senate bill tasks that are impossible for it; sixth, because without firing a gun, but who received the dis-natch nobody seems to know. to provide for increasing the signal corps. The bill passed. The bill empowers the President to tenants in the signal corps; and the Secretary enth, because all his requests and requisitions sunrise laying upon the grass in the capitol of the Senate, shall appoint officers to fill such is doubly concerned, are made the innocent sufferers on his account. He is persuaded that hey would fare better under another commander. The statement that regiments raised expressly for Sigel had not been given him is confor Confederate surgeons to dress their wounds the two Houses on the bill to provide for filling States—Governors Yates, Tod, Biair, Kirkwood, firmed by the testimony of the governors of six and carry them to the hospitals. It is painfully the conscription bill, reported that they had why this is so, and are proing the ant carry out the promise which they made at the ime the permission to raise regiments in each of heir States for General Sigel was given. "Several Western governors are urging the

appointment of Hooker to the command of the nion army in the Mississippi Valley. Judge Lane, of Northern Alabama, is here. He urges, as do all men who live in that section f the country, the importance of taking possesill rebel comers. He says that it our lines exrough knowledge of the nature of the coun- cd: H. Jones, wounded: J. Gill, wounded. try south of that line, he says it is incapable of

he recent movements northward of the rebel ar- wounded: Private Thos. Harris, slightly wound mies to be in the main a great foraging expedi- | ed tion in search of bread. " It is stated by very respectable authority that Cassius M. Clay will, after all, return to Russia. the administration in regard to the conduct of | son, wounded slightly. the war. The statement gains credibility from | Company F, Lieutenant Simmens, Commandrumors which have for some time prevailed of ing-Killed: Lieutenaut Kreigner, Wounded: Mr. Cameron's expected return on a visit."

The Times' Washington correspondence asser's Eastern Virginia now occupied by the rebel severely; Lewis Ford, F. Page. troops. Every white male person between 15 and 65 years is impressed into the rebol service. The rebels have also impressed all negroes into severely; Privates E. Conway, dangerously; center, because the words Confederale state

heir service as teamsters and laborers in the R Threat, dangerously; E.A. Moore, J. Moore, the bind is counterfest is much to after the letter quartermaster's department. The statement going the rounds of the press ington for Frederick, McClellan advised the Privates F. Fertig, F. Davidson, R. W. Fox. shandonment of Harper's Ferry as an untenable

position, is unfounder General Harney had an interview to-day with the Secretary of War, but the object and esulfs have not transpired." By chap. 163, sec. 24, of the 37th Congress is provided that no instrument on paper, isned prior to the 1st of January, 1863, without | S. T. McGregor, slightly. sing stamped, shall be deemed invalid on that er, no lejury or loss will result to the public. t is expected, however, that stamps for leading purposes will be ready on Wednesday, or soon ter, and the use of stamps will be required

whenever the department is prepared to furnish From W. Y. Dennis, State agent of Indiana, Times may perhaps be read with profit, South learn that the great want of the soldiers is verely; Privates M. F. Chandler, severely; O. blankets. Of other necessaries there seems to Nunnamaker, slightly. return, to release the prisoner by the civil an- The shooting of General Nelson by General be pienty, but unless a supply of blankets is

suited by General Nelson when he waited upon pation proclamation was prepared several weeks him for the transaction of business. The con- ago, and was about that time the subject of vaduet of Davis at the first interview was that of rious Cabinet conferences. Its publication was After argument by counsel, the chief justice a gentleman and an officer who treated his determined upon, but at the suggestion of Secsaid that it seemed to him inexpedient, and use-superior with the respect due his rank. A retary Seward was postponed until after a deless to the prisoner, to issue an order for an at- second insult from Nelson was answered as cisive victory for the Federal arms, such as was

a prominent merchant of the Southwest, by which to enable the government to bring forward a Hawks and Pasco, printer, company fuctions for exportation, and at the same time to company A, severely : J. R. P. Donaldson, or ether commanders that their subordinates must disarm the malice of Great Britain by furnish pany H, severely if not mortally. the credit of the rebel currency, and to enhance shooters, in left leg; Captain T. W. Richards abama, has issued a proclamation stating that and give stability to the credit of the Federal

> The Washington Star of the 29th reports a reconneissance to Warrenton Junction without Washington last night in one direction, and an-

to exhibit their patriotism and zeal in a prompt | The Star says : " It is generally believed here that Jeff Davis is about to send 50,000 troops on forced marches across the mountains to Wheeling: thence to Pittsburgh and Cincinnati; then forming a junction with Bragg and Kirby

the Potomac again. militia of his State, who rallied with alacrity at | to our soldiers or our town. was left by the rebels at Manassas, where it was daylight. She lies beyond the reach of our two days ago. A quantity of small arms, said guns, or rather the blockaders were too far ou to be some ten thousand, picked up on Rull Run for our guns to reach them battle field, have been left by the rebels at The other schooner has battle field, have been left by the rebels at Gaineaville. Eight railroad cars, which our on board, and succeeded in getting in sate troops failed to destroy, were still at Brentsville. Wilmington Journal, 25th September. I'wo locomotives were also left there, but these the rebels have run off. There is a considerable

amount of government property at different points on the railroads. The country about Fairfax Court House, Centerville, Manassas, and intermediate points, s more desolate than ever, since the retreat of the Union army after the battle of Bull Run and | CENTERVILLE, Va., September 25 .- The ad- accreely enough to cover their nakedness. Car vance division of General Sigel's corps, under not something be done at once for their relief? command of Colonel Vongilsa, reached this Second-hand garments, clean and whols, as

f the fortifications on their arrival nere, except a few scattering horsemen, who fiel before our couts could bring their earlines to bear upon | Guardian with Marrott's Cotton Circular of An Tues lay, General Stahl reached this point gust 20, from which it takes the following: mand of the place, and occupies the house of mand of the place, and occupies the house of the place Mrs. Whaley as his headquarters. Unusual pre- 279,310. Current Prices—Sen feland, 41 to 43d.

by the enemy, and, since Monday, scouting par-

fmerican from the army on the Loper Potomac | are enabled to publish the fellowing tlat of cour says: "A ride from the center of the army on patries in the 11th Mississippl regiment, in the the Potomac to its right wing at Williamsport late battle at Sharpsourg: gives one an impressive idea of the immerse | Killed: Leusenant-Colonel Butler, Mejo number of men and aggregation of material that Evans. Wounded: Colonel P. F. Liddell has been brought together. For thirteen miles mortally; Lieutenant Mays, slightly; Privates the eye never leaves the sight of camps. ne eye never leaves the sight of camps.

"Dr. McLaughlin, of Bradley Johnson's staff,
J. W. Kimbrough, T. A. Kowbrough, Allen gave himself up to the pickets of the 5th Mary- Drake, slightly. - Carrotion Volunteer, Octo

and. He stated that he was utterly tired of the | her Sd. ebel service, and would sconer be in Fort McHenry than with their army in Virginia. "Early this morning a large force of cavalry rossed the Potomac at Blackburn's Ford and moved off toward Shepherdstown. They had infant damabier of Dr. G. W. and Mrs. Emily Gennot returned when I close this letter. scouts visit Shepherdstown frequently by day. | Mobile and Asianta pepera please while rebel cavalry still come there at night, that place being held by neither. At Shepherd town Ferry, on this side of the Petomac, there are over two hundred wounded rebel prisoners guarded by the Dist Pennsylvania regiment, and care of six rebel surgeons. The men are of the desperately wounded class.

Carolina and Louisiana troops, are in our immeliate front, and show a disposition to contest our urther advance. "A spirited cavalry and artillery skirmish

rebel cavalry officer was captured and brought Jackson, Missimippi. Casualties in the 21st Mississippi Regiment, Captain John Sims, Commanding— At the Buttle of Sharpsburg, September

FIELD AND STAFF-Wounded: Lieutenant G. Sims, adjutant, slightly: Sergeant-Major Edward S. Butts, slightly. Hays, severely; Privates W. F. Oats, foot aunon of East Tennessee, and holding it against | putated: Private E. W. Riley, severely in thigh Company C. Killed: Lieutenant J. M. Ro ended to the whole southern boundary of Ten- erts; Sergeant J. S. Erwin, wounded and misessee, the rebel army of the West would be en- | sing; Privates J. Roberts, wounded severely | rely unable to support itself. Speaking from a leg; V. Smith, wounded; J. B. Minson, wound Company D. Lieutenant Win. L. Cage producing the requisite supplies. He considers Commanding-Corporal J. S. Phares, slightly

Commanding: Privates Wm. Goodard, wound ed and missing; Wm. Gildort, wounded slightly; The reason assigned is his mability to agree with Jas. Watson, wounded slightly. John Richard-

Sergeant Davidson, severely; Sergeant Strole, front, and has steep mod Corporal Currier; Privates Thos. Wells, danthat "The conscription act is being actively gerously; Wm. Russell, mortally; D. Y. Bur- what appears to be two these when the conscription act is being actively gerously; Wm. Russell, mortally; D. Y. Burand most rigidly enforced in that portion of gess, mortally; Jno. Thompson; N. S. Davis, ing - Wounded: Corporal B. F. Downing,

R. S. Ralston. Company H, Capt. Hebron, Commandingto the effect that previous to his leaving Wash- Killed : Capt. Geo. B. Hebron. Wounded : wide speed between the point Company I, Capt. Tully S. Gibson, Com nanding-Killed: Privates Win. B. Blalock. J. W. Bandy. Wounded: Sergeant R. W. the Buchanan, severely: Corporal J. W. Ratlin, they severely : Privates Chris. Griffin, severely : G. 3. Stancill, slightly; B. R. Stafford, slightly. W. W. Corgan, slightly: Thos. Gardler, slightly

Company K, Captain J. W. Renfroe, Comunt. Suits for the recovery of penalty can | manding-Killed: Lieut. Pruitt Wounded: only be instituted by the collectors; hence, if Privates S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, a graved note of the Southers Bank Notation and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally; R. T. Sheiton, and the private S. L. Saunders, mortally and stamps are not ready for use on the 1st of Octo- mortally; A. B. Jarvis, severely; A. R. Jarvis, o libite, severely ; H. M. Wilhite, slightly ; J. Smith, alightly; Captain E. P. Wiley, Company L. (Captain Green, Acting Major, ommanding), Lientenant William M. Vosburg, ommanding-Wounded: Lientenant William who has just returned from Sharpsburg, we M. Vosburg; Corporal Daniel D-Carte, se-

Carried into action 200. Killed, 6. Wounded, 58. The ranks had been thinned by forced marches, in order to reach the battle field. Lieulenant R. G. Sims, Adjutant. Casualties in the 10th Miss. Megiment.

rom the Mississippium | We are indebted to Captain W. R. Daniel, of ompany F, of the 10th Mississippi regiment, who was wounded, taken prisoner, and is in this city on parole, for the following list of casualties, as he recollected them, at the battle f Munfordsville, on the 14th of September : Colonel R. A. Smith, supposed to be mortally vounded, but was living on the 17th, three days after the engagement.

Captain Myers, company I, supposed to be C. slightly; Lieutenant Graham, company killed: Captain Bell, company F. wounder elightly with shell; Captain W. R. Daniel, company F, slightly; Sergeaut John Murphy, com-pany D, killed; J. D. Denson, printer, of this The Secretary of the Treasury has under consideration a well digested scheme, proposed by slightly: John Williams, killed, and R. S. Courts, mortally wounded, in company F; C. large amount of cotton and other Southern pro- severely; Corporal Winter and C. Stewart, Also, Major W. C. Richards, battalion sharp

> company C, sharpshooters, badly in chin. General Toombs Wounded. The army correspondent of the Savannah

Republican says: General Toombs received a painful, though not serious, wound in the hand last night, just as the army was about to move. He was his aids around him, when six or eight mounted WANTED BY_CONTRACT -10 0.0 hosbris of best men approached slowly along his line to where his horse was standing. They were saked who they were, and remaining allent, Captain Trougcommenced to draw upon them, whereupon tasy said, "Don't shoot: we are Massachusetts men." General Toombs was about drawing his pistols from the holsters, when Captain Troup upon them. They immediately returned the fire, and then wheeling their horses, disapposted in the darkness. Lieutenant Robt. Grant received a slight flesh wound in the arm, also The men were doubtless lost, and the affair may have contributed somewhat to the deception practised upon McClellan by General Lee in

It is probable, however, that he will find enough | RAN THE BLOCKADE - Yesterday more ensive work on his hands without crossing the steamer Kate ray the blockade and anchor Bradford to-day issued a proclamation tendering | sent down, ordering her not to come up, as it is his earnest and hearty thanks to McClellan and reported she has yellow fover on board. At any the gallant officers and men under him, for their rate she is from Nassau, where the fever ha istinguished skill and gallantry in expelling the broke out at last reports, and we trust she will

ebel army from Maryland; also, tendering his be compelled to remain below, if she has the warmest thanks to Governor Curtin and the disease on board, lest it should be communicate the first symptoms of invasion; also, thanking | We also learn that two schooners approache the Maryland troops angaged for their bravery, our bar last night. One of them got aground NEW YORK, September 29 -The Herald's but got off and was chased up the heach, when enterville correspondent says: "One of our she again grounded, and the blockades fixed cannon captured at the last battle of Bull Run on her from three o'clock this morning till after

A Chance for the Paitanthropic. The Chicago Sanitary Commission is in resipt of a letter dated Cairo, September 18th, rom which we make the following extract: "I find, on reaching Cairo, over sur hundred

lace on Monday last, via Falls Church and matter how common the material if there he any

Cairfax Court House. There was no enemy wear in them, will be most thankfully received

ound on the road to interpose any obstacle to Fifteen hundred more are daily expected here Liverpool Cotton Market, A friend has furnished the Columbia (S. C. Stock (American) on band, 17,190 bale ars. Whatey as his headquartees. Chusual pis-sautions have been taken to prevent a surprise by the enemy and since Monday agenting par. Orleans, 2% to 29 : Mobile, 28 to 231. Im

ties have been sent out daily in different direct ports—American, this year, 33 333 bases. Do From letters received in this place, was

Our laged seventeen months and sixteen days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE! "Our advance is four or five miles out, and a | WISH to sell my LEASE on the LOWER PRIER

took place this morning, in which our men did NOTES leaded by the undersigned are refreshed a well and drove the rebels some distance. A

J. L. THERE,

ELDERBERRIES.

quired at other points, or by him bereal Company A, Wounded: Lieutenant B. H. SOUTHERY EXPRESS (SMPAN) NOTICE TO AGENTS.

81000 Reward! DELOW you have a gods to could be you to delse

Company G, Lieutenant Doman, Command- of the hood, while on commission the bar or right and figure on left is much broader in good

principal parties to proper officers.

Int must be sustained by organ-

MECHANICS Wanted for Covernment Work, Competent and seber Mechanics will find constant employment at good wages and money

paid weekly. NO. I BLACKSMITHS. No of Leather, NO has be brubelt Neg to Pest. W: Werner & Co.

BANAWAY,

L'ROW the subgraible; a NEGRO BOY manual HAR. E BISON. Said boy, Harmane, wahout twen you at twenty two years old asent fire feet six immes

"Dinis Waths,"

Cauter, Mine.

Augusta, September 1, 1962.